## State of Student Mental Health

Corbin Evans, J.D. Senior Director • Office of Science Advocacy **Our nation's** overall mental health is in a state of crisis

### • High levels of stress and anxiety.

- Almost three out of four Americans are feeling overwhelmed by the number of crises facing the world right now.
- Psychologists report that demand for treatment remains high following the pandemic.

Young people are not immune to these stressors

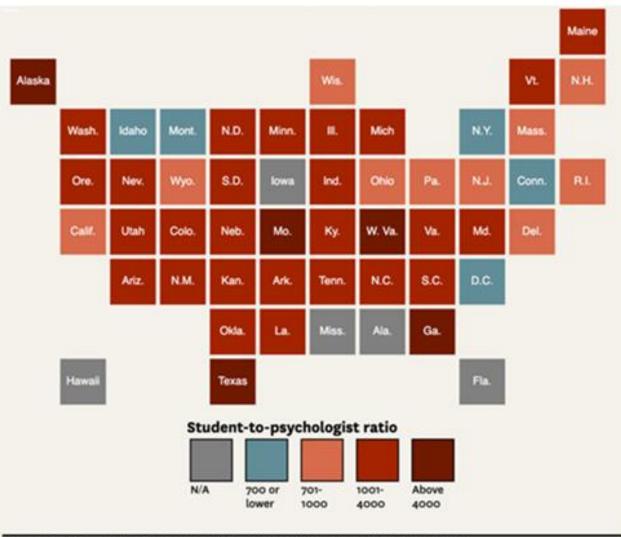
- 1 in 5 high school students witnessed violence in their communities.
- 3.5 percent said they have carried a gun.
- Nearly 9 percent of students were victims of sexual violence.



## Youth mental health crisis deepening over the last ten years

- Especially pronounced during and after COVID-19
- 4 million children experienced depression in the last year
- More than 8 in 10 public schools face staffing shortages, and a small candidate pool is one of the top hiring challenges
- "Failure to Launch" trend

#### Nationwide Student-to-Psychologist Ratio



Data: U.S. Department of Education, 2015-2016 Civil Rights Data Collection (CRDC)

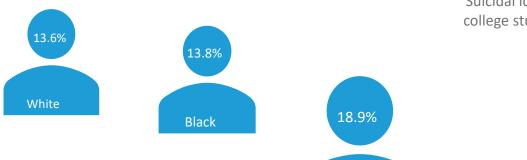
Historically minoritized youth are experiencing mental health concerns at disproportionate rates

- Rates of suicide have risen sharply among Black, African American, and Latino youth.
- Black and Hispanic youth lost a parent or a caregiver at more than two times the rate of White children.
- American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander children lost caregivers at nearly four times that rate.

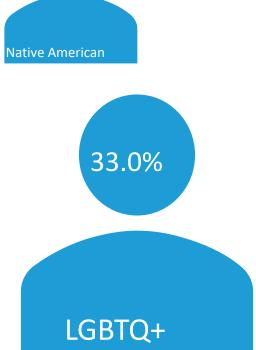
LGBTQ+ youth are also facing increased risks

- Nearly half of LGBTQ+ youth seriously considered suicide in the last year.
- Laws targeting LGBTQ+ youth are contributing to the danger to their worsening mental health.
- Also impacting the mental health of LGBTQ+ youth who live in states with affirming laws.

Suicidal ideation among college students in 2021



- Mental health issues disproportionally impacts marginalized students
- LGBTQ+ college students with access to mental health services through their college had 84% lower odds of attempting suicide



## Downstream effects on youth wellbeing

- 4 million children experienced depression in the last year.
- 42 percent of high school students said they were consistently sad and hopeless.
- 1 in 5 high school students considered suicide in 2021.
- Suicide rates among the 10–24 age group reached a 20-year-high.

2022 School Pulse Panel Survey

% of schools that reported and increased demand for mental health services

72%

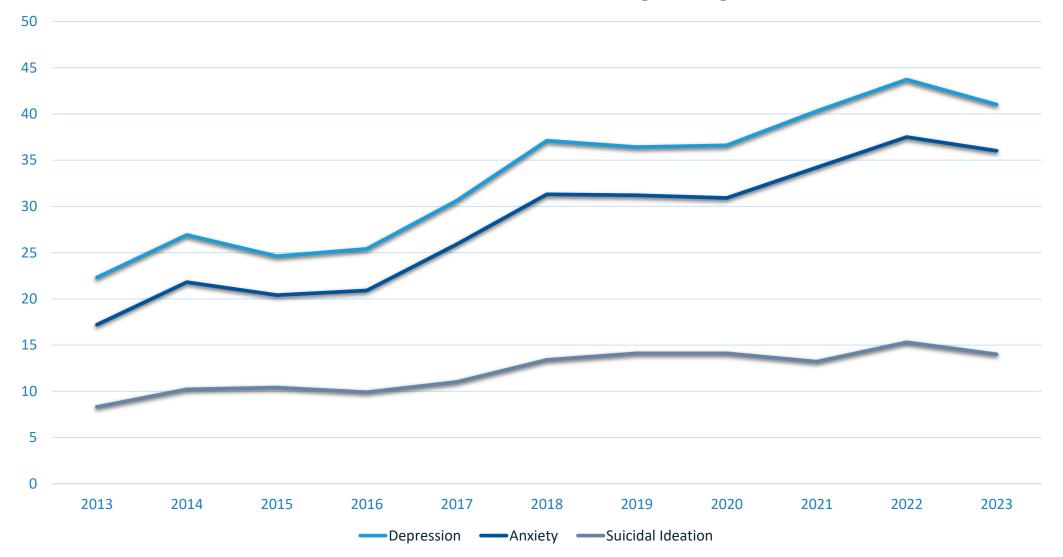
Low Poverty Neighborhoods high poverty Neighborhoods

61%

source: National Center for Education Statistics

- More than two-thirds of public schools saw higher percentages of their students seeking mental health services in 2022 than before the pandemic.
- Only about half reported being able to meet students heightened psychological health needs.

#### **Rates of Mental Health Issues Among College Students**



Source: The Healthy Minds Network

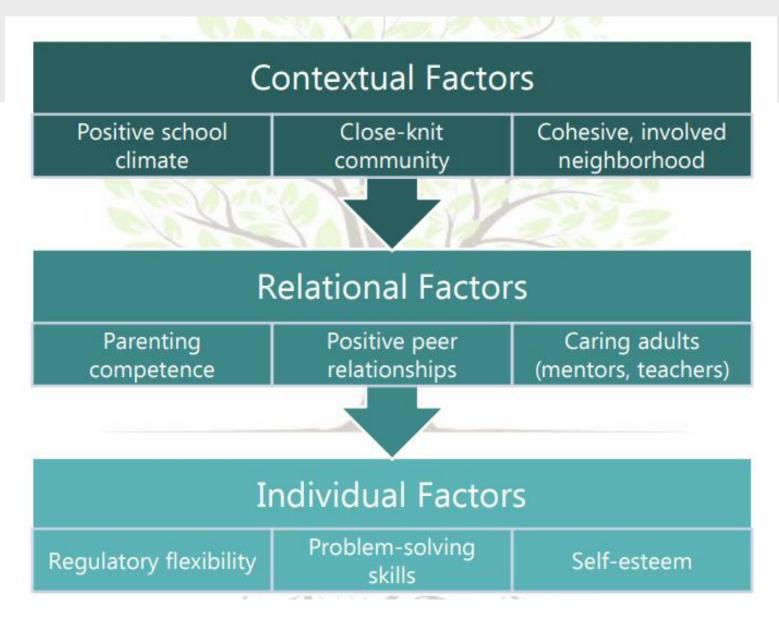
## Importance of mental health services in schools

• Roughly 70 percent of children nationally, receive their first mental health services at school.

• Students are six times more likely to access mental health when these services are offered in school.

• 62 percent of students reported feeling connected to others at school.

### School's Contribute to Resilience



# Significant investments in recent years

- <u>\$67.5 billion</u> via the first two COVID-19 relief packages in 2020.
- <u>\$122 billion through the American Rescue Plan in 2021.</u>
- <u>Over \$2 billion for school-based mental health services</u> in the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act of 2022.

### **Resources:**

- DifficultDialogues.org Resource for how to best handle complex conversations with students
- CDC.gov/healthyyouth/protective/sc hool\_connectedness.htm – CDC on how to create community and connectedness in school
- APA.org/about/division/div41 APA's Law & Psychology Division

### Contact: Cevans@apa.org

